Amendments to the Claims

1. (currently amended) ~~Use of at least one inhibitor of at least one ABC-transporter capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of~~A method of treating a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, comprising:

administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one inhibitor of at least one ABC transporter capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer.

2. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claim 1, wherein said inhibitor~~(s)~~ specifically reduce~~(s)~~s the transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer mediated by at least one of said ABC-transporter~~(s)~~.

3. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claims 1 ~~or 2~~, wherein said ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ is~~(are)~~ a mammalian ABC-transporter~~(s)~~.

4. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1 ~~to 3~~, wherein said ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ is~~(are)~~ a human ABC-transporter~~(s)~~.

5. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1 ~~to 4~~, wherein said human ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ is~~(are)~~ a member of the subfamily selected from the group consisting of the human ABCB (MDR)-subfamily, the ABCA subfamily and/~~or~~ the human ABC-C (MRP)-subfamily.

6. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1 ~~to 5~~, wherein said ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ is~~(are)~~ comprised in a chondrocyte cell~~, preferably a human chondrocyte cell.~~

7. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1 ~~to 6~~, wherein said inhibitor~~(s)~~ is~~(are)~~ selected from the group consisting of:

(a) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCB (MDR)-subfamily selected from Verapamil, Valspodar (PSC833), Elacridar (GF-120918), Bericodar (VX-710), Tariquidar (XR-9576), XR-9051, S-9788, LY-335979, MS 209, R101933; OC-144-093; Quinidine, Chloripramine,

Nicardipine, Nifedipine, Amlodipine, Felodipine, Manidipine, Flunarizine, Nimodipine, Pimozide, Lomerizine, Bepridil, Amiloride, Almitrine, Amiodarone, Imipramine, Clomiphene, Tamoxifen, Toremifene, Ketocanazole, Terfenadine, Chloroquine, Mepacrin, Diltiazem, Niguldipine, Prenylamine, Gallopamil, Tiapamil, Dex-Verapamil, Dipyridamole, Pimozide, Haloperidol, Chlorpromazine, Trifluoperazine, Fluphenazine, Reserpin, Clopenthixol, Flupentixol, N-acetyldaunorubicin, Vindoline, N2762-14, N276-14, N276-17, B9309-068, BIBW-22, Carvedilol, Clofazimine, Ketoconazole, Lovastatin, N-Norgallopamil, Simvastatin, Troleandomycin, Vinblastin, Itraconazole, Econazole, Oligomycine, Cyclosporin and Rapamycin; and/~~or~~

(b) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCA subfamily selected from Glyburide, DIDS (4,4-diisothiocyanatostilbene-2,2-disulfonic acid), Bumetanide, Furosemide, Sulfobromophthalein, Diphenylamine-2-carboxylic acid and Flufenamic acid; and/~~or~~

(c) an inhibitor of a member of the human ABC-C (MRP)-subfamily selected from MK-571, Benzbromaron, PAK-104P, Probenecid, Sulfinpyrazone, Indomethacin, Merthiolate and Ethacrynic acid; and/~~or~~

(d) ~~(~~an~~)~~ antibody~~(ies)~~ or functional fragments thereof which is~~(are)~~ specifically recognizing one or more ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/~~or~~

(e) ~~(~~an~~)~~ antisense oligomere~~(s)~~, iRNA and/or siRNA directed against one or more ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/~~or~~

(f) ~~(~~an~~)~~ aptamer~~(s)~~ directed against one or more ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer.

8. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one~~method of claim~~s~~ 1~~ to 7~~, wherein said disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer is arthritis.

9. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claim 8, wherein said arthritis is characterized by at least one of a degeneration and/~~or~~ a destruction of cartilage.

10. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one~~method of claims ~~8 or 9~~, wherein said arthritis is selected from the group consisting of osteoarthritis, (juvenile) chronic arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, *A. mutilans*, septic arthritis, infectious arthritis and/~~or~~ reactive arthritis.

11. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one~~method of claims ~~1 to 10~~, wherein said inhibitor~~(s)~~ is~~(are) to be~~ administered prophylactically.

12. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one~~method of claims ~~1 to 10~~, wherein said inhibitor~~(s)~~ is~~(are) to be~~ administered therapeutically.

13. (original) A method of screening for á compound which is suitable for the treatment of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer said method comprising:

(a) contacting an isolated lipid bilayer comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;

(b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across the lipid bilayer; and

(c) identifying test compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.

14. (currently amended) A method of screening for a compound which reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by ~~(an)~~at least one ABC-transporter~~(s)~~, said method comprising:

(a) contacting an isolated lipid bilayer comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;

(b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across the lipid bilayer; and

(c) identifying test compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.

15. (original) A method of screening for a compound which is suitable for the treatment of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer said method comprising:

(a) contacting a cell comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;

(b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across a lipid bilayer of the cell; and

(c) identifying compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.

16. (currently amended) A method of screening for a compound which reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by ~~(an)~~at least one ABC-transporter~~(s)~~, said method comprising:

(a) contacting a cell comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;

(b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across a lipid bilayer of the cell; and

(c) identifying compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.

17. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one~~ claim 13 ~~to 16 of~~comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.

18. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claim~~s~~ 15 ~~to 17~~, wherein the cell is a bacterial, an insect, a fungal or an animal cell.

19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein said animal cell is a mammalian cell or a mammalian cell line.

20. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein said mammalian cell or mammalian cell line is derived from human, horse, swine, goat, cattle, mouse or rat.

21. (currently amended) The method of claim 19 ~~or 20~~, wherein the cell or cell line is a chondrocyte, a fibroblast, a synovial cell, an endothelial cell, a macrophage, a tumour cell, a smooth muscle cell, a melanoma cell or a mesothelioma cell.

22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein said cell is comprised in a tissue.

23. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein said tissue is cartilage tissue.

24. (currently amended) The method ~~of any one~~ of claims 19 ~~to 23~~, wherein said cell or said tissue is derived from a mammalian subject preferably a human subject which suffers from a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer~~, e.g. arthritis~~.

25. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 19 ~~to 23~~, wherein the cell comprises at least one heterologous ABC-transporter.

26. (currently amended) The method ~~of any one~~ of claims 19 ~~to 25~~, wherein said cell and/or said tissue is comprised in a non-human animal.

27. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 15 ~~to 25~~ which is *ex vivo*.

28. (original) A method of screening for a compound which is suitable for the treatment of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer said method comprising:

(a) contacting a cell derived from said subject which comprises at least one ABC-transporter with a test compound to be tested;

(b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of an indicator compound across a lipid bilayer of said cell; and

(c) identifying compounds which reduce the transport of hyaluronan across the lipid bilayer of said cell.

29. (original) The method of claim 28, wherein said cell is comprised in a tissue.

30. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 28 ~~to 29~~, wherein said cell is a chondrocyte.

31. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 28 ~~to 30~~, wherein said subject is a mammalian subject.

32. (currently amended) The method of claim 31, wherein said mammalian subject is selected from a human, a horse, a camel, a dog, a cat, a pig, a cow ~~or~~and a goat.

33. (currently amended) The method of any one of claims 28 ~~to 32~~, wherein said cell is contacted with a compound selected from the group consisting of:

(a) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCB (MDR)-subfamily selected from Verapamil, Valspodar (PSC833), Elacridar (GF-120918), Bericodar (VX-710), Tariquidar (XR-9576), XR-9051, S-9788, LY-335979, MS 209, R101933; OC-144-093; Quinidine, Chloripramine, Nicardipine, Nifedipine, Amlodipine, Felodipine, Manidipine, Flunarizine, Nimodipine, Pimozide, Lomerizine, Bepridil, Amiloride, Almitrine, Amiodarone, Imipramine, Clomiphene, Tamoxifen, Toremifene, Ketocanazole, Terfenadine, Chloroquine, Mepacrin, Diltiazem, Niguldipine, Prenylamine, Gallopamil, Tiapamil, Dex-Verapamil, Dipyridamole, Pimozide, Haloperidol, Chlorpromazine, Trifluoperazine, Fluphenazine, Reserpin, Clopenthixol, Flupentixol, N-acetyldaunorubicin, Vindoline, N2762-14, N276-14, N276-17, B9309-068, BIBW-22, Carvedilol, Clofazimine, Ketoconazole, Lovastatin, N-Norgallopamil, Simvastatin, Troleandomycin, Vinblastin, Itraconazole, Econazole, Oligomycine, Cyclosporin and Rapamycin; and/~~or~~

(b) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCA subfamily selected from Glyburide, DIDS (4,4-diisothiocyanatostilbene-2,2-disulfonic acid),

Bumetanide, Furosemide, Sulfobromophthalein, Diphenylamine-2-carboxylic acid and Flufenamic acid; and/~~or~~

(c) an inhibitor of a member of the human ABC-C (MRP)-subfamily selected from MK-571, Benzbromaron, PAK-104P, Probenecid, Sulfinpyrazone, Indomethacin, Merthiolate and Ethacrynic acid; and/~~or~~

(d) ~~(~~an~~)~~ antibody~~(ies)~~ or functional fragments thereof which is~~(are)~~ specifically recognizing one or more ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/~~or~~

(e) ~~(~~an~~)~~ antisense oligomere~~(s)~~, iRNA and/or siRNA directed against one or more ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/~~or~~

(f) ~~(~~an~~)~~ aptamer~~(s)~~ directed against one or more ABC-transporter~~(s)~~ capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer.

34. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 13 ~~to 33~~ further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter~~(s)~~;

(b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and

(c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter~~(s)~~.

35. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 13 ~~to 34~~, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and/~~or~~ a diluent.

36. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of ~~any one of~~ claims 13 ~~to 35~~ and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.

37. (currently amended) A method of preventing, ameliorating and/or treating the symptoms of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, e.g. arthritis in a subject comprising administering at least one inhibitor of at least one ABC-transporter capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer to the subject, preferably an mammalian subject, such that the a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer~~, e.g. arthritis is prevented, ameliorated and/or treated~~.

38. (original) The method of claim 37, wherein said arthritis is characterized by at least one of degeneration and~~/or~~ a destruction of cartilage.

39. (currently amended) The method of claim 37~~ or 38~~, wherein said arthritis is selected from the group consisting of osteoarthritis, (juvenile) chronic arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, *A. mutilans*, septic arthritis, infectious arthritis and~~/or~~ reactive arthritis.

40. (original) The method of claim 39 wherein said arthritis is osteoarthritis.

41. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claim~~s~~ 37~~ to 39~~, wherein said mammalian subject is selected from the group consisting of a human, a horse, a camel, a dog, a cat, a pig, a cow ~~or~~and a goat.

42. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claim~~s~~ 1~~ to 12 or the method of any one of claims 13 to 41~~, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and~~/or~~ ABCC12.

43. (currently amended) A method of treating osteoarthritis comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising~~Use of an inhibitor of~~ at least one ABC-transporter capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid-bilayer, wherein said at least one ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and~~/or~~ ABCC12~~, for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of osteoarthritis~~.

44. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claim 43, wherein said at least one ABC-transporter is MRP5 (ABCC5).

45. (currently amended) A method of treating arthritis comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising~~Use of~~ Zaprinast® ~~for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of arthritis, preferably rheumatoid arthritis or osteoarthritis~~.

46. (currently amended) A method of treating osteoarthritis comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising~~Use of~~ Elacridar (GF-120918), Valspodar (PSC-833), Bericodar (VX-710), Tariquidar (XR-9576), S-9788, Ly-335979, OC-144-093 ~~and/~~or Lysodren® ~~for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of osteoarthritis~~.

47. (new) The method of claim 14 comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.

48. (new) The method of claim 15 comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.

49. (new) The method of claim 16 comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.

50. (new) The method of claim 16, wherein the cell is a bacterial, an insect, a fungal or an animal cell.

51. (new) The method of claim 14, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and a diluent.

52. (new) The method of claim 15, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and a diluent.

53. (new) The method of claim 16, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and a diluent.

54. (new) The method of claim 45 wherein said arthritis is selected from rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis.

55. (new) The method of claim 16 which is *ex vivo*.

56. (new) The method of claim 13, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.

57. (new) The method of claim 14, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.

58. (new) The method of claim 15, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.

59. (new) The method of claim 16, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.

60. (new) The method of claim 28, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.

61. (new) The method of claim 37, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.

62. (new) The method of claim 14 further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;

(b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and

(c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter.

63. (new) The method of claim 15 further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;

(b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and

(c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter.

64. (new) The method of claim 16 further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;

(b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and

(c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter.

65. (new) The method of claim 128 further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;

(b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and

(c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter.

66. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 14 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.

67. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 15 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.

68. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 16 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.

69. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 28 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.